

nRF52810

Rev 2

Errata

v1.1

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1 nRF52810 Rev 2 Errata

This Errata document contains anomalies for the nRF52810 chip, revision Rev 2 (QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0).

The document indicates which anomalies are fixed, inherited, or new compared to revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

2 Change log

See the following list for an overview of changes from previous versions of this document.

| Version | Date | Change |
|---------------------|------------|--|
| nRF52810 Rev 2 v1.1 | 12.09.2019 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Updated: No. 156. "Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior" • Added: No. 213. "WDT configuration is cleared when entering system OFF" • Added: No. 219. "I2C timing spec is violated at 400 kHz" |
| nRF52810 Rev 2 v1.0 | 31.01.2019 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Added: No. 15. "RAM[x].POWERSET/CLR read as zero" • Added: No. 20. "Register values are invalid" • Added: No. 31. "Calibration values are not correctly loaded from FICR at reset" • Added: No. 36. "Some registers are not reset when expected" • Added: No. 66. "Linearity specification not met with default settings" • Added: No. 68. "EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED can be generated before HFCLK is stable" • Added: No. 77. "RC oscillator is not calibrated when first started" • Added: No. 81. "PIN_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode" • Added: No. 83. "STOPPED event occurs twice if the STOP task is triggered during a transaction" • Added: No. 88. "Increased current consumption when configured to pause in System ON idle" • Added: No. 136. "Bits in RESETREAS are set when they should not be" • Added: No. 155. "IN event may occur more than once on input edge" • Added: No. 156. "Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior" • Added: No. 173. "Writes to LATCH register take several CPU cycles to take effect" • Added: No. 176. "Flash erase through CTRL-AP fails due to watchdog time-out" • Added: No. 179. "COMPARE event is generated twice from a single RTC compare match" • Added: No. 183. "False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events" • Added: No. 184. "Erase or write operations from the external debugger fail when CPU is not halted" • Added: No. 204. "Switching between TX and RX causes unwanted emissions" • Added: No. 210. "Bits in GPIO LATCH register are incorrectly set to 1" |

3 New and inherited anomalies

The following anomalies are present in revision Rev 2 of the nRF52810 chip.

| ID | Module | Description | Inherited from Rev 1 nRF52810 |
|-----|--------|--|-------------------------------|
| 15 | POWER | RAM[x].POWERSET/CLR read as zero | X |
| 20 | RTC | Register values are invalid | X |
| 31 | CLOCK | Calibration values are not correctly loaded from FICR at reset | X |
| 36 | CLOCK | Some registers are not reset when expected | X |
| 66 | TEMP | Linearity specification not met with default settings | X |
| 68 | CLOCK | EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED can be generated before HFCLK is stable | X |
| 77 | CLOCK | RC oscillator is not calibrated when first started | X |
| 81 | GPIO | PIN_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode | X |
| 83 | TWIS | STOPPED event occurs twice if the STOP task is triggered during a transaction | X |
| 88 | WDT | Increased current consumption when configured to pause in System ON idle | X |
| 136 | System | Bits in RESETREAS are set when they should not be | X |
| 155 | GPION | IN event may occur more than once on input edge | X |
| 156 | GPION | Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior | X |
| 173 | GPIO | Writes to LATCH register take several CPU cycles to take effect | X |
| 176 | System | Flash erase through CTRL-AP fails due to watchdog time-out | X |
| 179 | RTC | COMPARE event is generated twice from a single RTC compare match | X |
| 183 | PWM | False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events | X |
| 184 | NVMC | Erase or write operations from the external debugger fail when CPU is not halted | X |
| 204 | RADIO | Switching between TX and RX causes unwanted emissions | X |
| 210 | GPIO | Bits in GPIO LATCH register are incorrectly set to 1 | X |
| 213 | WDT | WDT configuration is cleared when entering system OFF | X |
| 219 | TWIM | I2C timing spec is violated at 400 kHz | X |

Table 1: New and inherited anomalies

3.1 [15] POWER: RAM[x].POWERSET/CLR read as zero

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

RAM[x].POWERSET and RAM[x].POWERCLR read as zero, even though the RAM is on.

Conditions

Always.

Consequences

Not possible to read the RAM state using RAM[x].POWERSET and RAM[x].POWERCLR registers. Write works as it should.

Workaround

Use RAM[x].POWER to read the state of the RAM.

3.2 [20] RTC: Register values are invalid

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

RTC registers will not contain the correct/expected value if read.

Conditions

The RTC has been idle.

Consequences

RTC configuration cannot be determined by reading RTC registers.

Workaround

Execute the below code before you use RTC.

```
NRF_CLOCK->EVENTS_LFCLKSTARTED = 0;
NRF_CLOCK->TASKS_LFCLKSTART     = 1;
while (NRF_CLOCK->EVENTS_LFCLKSTARTED == 0) {}
NRF_RTC0->TASKS_STOP = 0;
```

3.3 [31] CLOCK: Calibration values are not correctly loaded from FICR at reset

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

RCOSC32KICALLENGTH is initialized with the wrong FICR value.

Conditions

Always.

Consequences

RCOSC32KICALLENGTH default value is wrong.

Workaround

Execute the following code after reset:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *)0x4000053C = ((* (volatile uint32_t *)0x10000244) & 0x0000E000) >> 13;
```

This code is already present in the latest `system_nrf52.c` file.

3.4 [36] CLOCK: Some registers are not reset when expected

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

After watchdog timeout reset, CPU lockup reset, soft reset, or pin reset, the following CLOCK peripheral registers are not reset:

- CLOCK->EVENTS_DONE
- CLOCK->EVENTS_CTTO
- CLOCK->CTIV

Conditions

After watchdog timeout reset, CPU Lockup reset, soft reset, and pin reset.

Consequences

Register reset values might be incorrect. It may cause undesired interrupts in case of enabling interrupts without clearing the DONE or CTTO events.

Workaround

Clear affected registers after reset. This workaround has already been added into `system_nrf52.c` file. This workaround has already been added into `system_nrf52840.c` file present in MDK 8.11.0 or later.

3.5 [66] TEMP: Linearity specification not met with default settings

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

TEMP module provides non-linear temperature readings over the specified temperature range.

Conditions

Always.

Consequences

TEMP module returns out of spec temperature readings.

Workaround

Execute the following code after reset:

```
NRF_TEMP->A0 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A0;
NRF_TEMP->A1 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A1;
NRF_TEMP->A2 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A2;
NRF_TEMP->A3 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A3;
NRF_TEMP->A4 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A4;
NRF_TEMP->A5 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.A5;
NRF_TEMP->B0 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.B0;
NRF_TEMP->B1 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.B1;
NRF_TEMP->B2 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.B2;
NRF_TEMP->B3 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.B3;
NRF_TEMP->B4 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.B4;
NRF_TEMP->B5 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.B5;
NRF_TEMP->T0 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.T0;
NRF_TEMP->T1 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.T1;
NRF_TEMP->T2 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.T2;
NRF_TEMP->T3 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.T3;
NRF_TEMP->T4 = NRF_FICR->TEMP.T4;
```

This code is already present in the latest `system_nrf52.c` file and in the `system_nrf52840.c` file released in MDK 8.12.0.

3.6 [68] CLOCK: EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED can be generated before HFCLK is stable

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED may come before HFXO is started.

Conditions

When using a 32 MHz crystal with start-up longer than 400 μ s.

Consequences

Performance of radio and peripheral requiring HFXO will be degraded until the crystal is stable.

Workaround

32 MHz crystal oscillator startup time must be verified by the user. If the worst-case startup time is shorter than 400 μ s, no workaround is required. If the startup time can be longer than 400 μ s, the software must ensure, using a timer, that the crystal has had enough time to start up before using peripherals that require the HFXO. The Radio requires the HFXO to be stable before use. The ADC, TIMERS, and TEMP sensor for example can use the HFXO as a reference for improved accuracy.

3.7 [77] CLOCK: RC oscillator is not calibrated when first started

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

The LFCLK RC oscillator frequency can have a frequency error of up to -25 to +40% after reset. A +/- 2% error is stated in the Product Specification.

Conditions

Always.

Consequences

The LFCLK RC oscillator frequency is inaccurate.

Workaround

Calibrate the LFCLK RC oscillator before its first use after a reset.

3.8 [81] GPIO: PIN_CNF is not retained when in debug interface mode

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

GPIO pin configuration is reset on wakeup from System OFF.

Conditions

The system is in debug interface mode.

Consequences

GPIO state unreliable until PIN_CNF is reconfigured.

3.9 [83] TWIS: STOPPED event occurs twice if the STOP task is triggered during a transaction

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

STOPPED event is set after clearing it.

Conditions

The STOP task is triggered during a transaction.

Consequences

STOPPED event occurs twice: When the STOP task is fired and when the master issues a stop condition on the bus. This could provoke an extra interrupt or a failure in the TWIS driver.

Workaround

The last STOPPED event must be accounted for in software.

3.10 [88] WDT: Increased current consumption when configured to pause in System ON idle

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

Using the mode where watchdog is paused in CPU Idle, the current consumption jumps from 3 μ A to 400 μ A.

Conditions

When we enable WDT with the CONFIG option to pause when CPU sleeps:

```
NRF_WDT->CONFIG = (WDT_CONFIG_SLEEP_Pause<<WDT_CONFIG_SLEEP_Pos);
```

Consequences

Reduced battery life.

Workaround

Do not enter System ON IDLE within 125 μ s after reloading the watchdog.

3.11 [136] System: Bits in RESETREAS are set when they should not be

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

After pin reset, RESETREAS bits other than RESETPIN might also be set.

Conditions

A pin reset has triggered.

Consequences

If the firmware evaluates RESETREAS, it might take the wrong action.

Workaround

When RESETREAS shows a pin reset (RESETPIN), ignore other reset reason bits.

Important: RESETREAS bits must be cleared between resets.

Apply the following code after any reset:

```
if (NRF_POWER->RESETREAS & POWER_RESETREAS_RESETPIN_Msk) {
    NRF_POWER->RESETREAS = ~POWER_RESETREAS_RESETPIN_Msk;
}
```

This workaround is implemented in MDK version 8.13.0 and later.

3.12 [155] GPIOTE: IN event may occur more than once on input edge

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

IN event occurs more than once on an input edge.

Conditions

Input signal edges are closer together than 1.3 μ s or \geq 750 kHz for a periodic signal.

Consequences

Tasks connected through PPI or SHORTS to this event might be triggered twice.

Workaround

Apply the following code when any GPIOTE channel is configured to generate an IN event on edges that can occur within 1.3 μ s of each other:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *) (NRF_GPIOTE_BASE + 0x600 + (4 * GPIOTE_CH_USED)) = 1;
```

Important: A clock is kept on by the workaround and must be reverted to avoid higher current consumption when GPIOTE is not in use, using the following code:

```
*(volatile uint32_t *) (NRF_GPIOTE_BASE + 0x600 + (4 * GPIOTE_CH_USED)) = 0;
```

3.13 [156] GPIOTE: Some CLR tasks give unintentional behavior

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

One of the following symptoms may occur:

- Current consumption is high when entering IDLE.
- Latency for detection changes on inputs connected to GPIOTE channels is becoming longer than expected.

Conditions

The following tasks are in use:

| Address | GPIOTE task |
|---------|--------------|
| 0x060 | TASKS_CLR[0] |
| 0x068 | TASKS_CLR[2] |
| 0x070 | TASKS_CLR[4] |
| 0x078 | TASKS_CLR[6] |

Consequences

Experiencing high current consumption during System ON Idle, or too long time from external event to internal triggering of PPI event and/or IRQ from GPIOTE.

Workaround

Instead of using TASKS_CLR[*n*], set CONFIG[*n*].POLARITY to HiToLo and trigger TASKS_OUT[*n*], with *n* = 0, 2, 4, 6.

3.14 [173] GPIO: Writes to LATCH register take several CPU cycles to take effect

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

A bit in the LATCH register reads '1' even after clearing it by writing '1'.

Conditions

Reading the LATCH register right after writing to it.

Consequences

Old value of the LATCH register is read.

Workaround

Have at least 3 CPU cycles of delay between the write and the subsequent read to the LATCH register. This can be achieved by having 3 dummy reads to the LATCH register.

3.15 [176] System: Flash erase through CTRL-AP fails due to watchdog time-out

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

Full flash erase through CTRL-AP is not successful.

Conditions

WDT is enabled.

Consequences

Flash is not erased. If the device has a WDT time-out less than 1 ms and is readback-protected through UICR.APPROTECT, there is a risk of permanently preventing the erasing of the flash.

Workaround

Try again.

3.16 [179] RTC: COMPARE event is generated twice from a single RTC compare match

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

Tasks connected to RTC COMPARE event through PPI are triggered twice per compare match.

Conditions

RTC registers are being accessed by CPU while RTC is running.

Consequences

Tasks connected to RTC COMPARE event through PPI are triggered more often than expected.

Workaround

Do not access the RTC registers, including the COMPARE event register, from CPU while waiting for the RTC COMPARE event. Note that CPU interrupt from this event can still be enabled.

3.17 [183] PWM: False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

False SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events are being generated.

Conditions

Any of the LOOPSDONE_SEQSTARTn shortcuts are enabled. LOOP register is non-zero and sequence 1 is one value long.

Consequences

SEQEND[0] and SEQEND[1] events might falsely trigger other tasks if these are routed through the PPI.

Workaround

Avoid using the LOOPSDONE_SEQSTARTn shortcuts, when LOOP register is non-zero and sequence 1 is one value long.

3.18 [184] NVMC: Erase or write operations from the external debugger fail when CPU is not halted

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

The erase or write operation fails or takes longer time than specified.

Conditions

NVMC erase or write operation initiated using an external debugger. CPU is not halted.

Consequences

The NVMC erase or write operation fails or takes longer time than specified.

Workaround

Halt the CPU by writing to DHCSR (Debug Halting Control and Status Register) before starting NVMC erase or write operation from the external debugger. See the ARM infocenter to get the details of the DHCSR register.

Programming tools provided by Nordic Semiconductor comply with this.

3.19 [204] RADIO: Switching between TX and RX causes unwanted emissions

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

Unwanted emissions are experienced when switching from TX to RX.

Conditions

Switching from TX to RX without using DISABLE.

Consequences

Unwanted emissions occur on the channel used for RX.

Workaround

Always use DISABLE when switching from TX to RX.

3.20 [210] GPIO: Bits in GPIO LATCH register are incorrectly set to 1

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

The GPIO.LATCH[n] register is unexpectedly set to 1 (Latched).

Conditions

Set GPIO.PIN_CNF[n].SENSE at low level (3) at the same time as PIN_CNF[n].INPUT is set to Connect (0).

Consequences

The GPIO.LATCH[n] register is set to 1 (Latched). This could have side effects, depending on how the chip is configured to use this LATCH register.

Workaround

Always configure PIN_CNF[n].INPUT before PIN_CNF[n].SENSE.

3.21 [213] WDT: WDT configuration is cleared when entering system OFF

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

WDT configuration has been cleared when device wakes from System OFF.

Conditions

Always.

Consequences

WDT does not resume function as expected.

Workaround

Reconfigure WDT after wake-up from System OFF.

3.22 [219] TWIM: I2C timing spec is violated at 400 kHz

This anomaly applies to IC Rev. Rev 2, build codes QFAA-Dx0, QCAA-Dx0, CAAA-Dx0.

It was inherited from the previous IC revision [Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

Symptoms

The low period of the SCL clock is too short to meet the I2C specification at 400 kHz. The actual low period of the SCL clock is 1.25 μs while the I2C specification requires the SCL clock to have a minimum low period of 1.3 μs .

Conditions

Using TWIM at 400 kHz.

Consequences

TWI communication might not work at 400 kHz with I2C compatible devices.

Workaround

If communication does not work at 400 kHz with an I2C compatible device that requires the SCL clock to have a minimum low period of 1.3 μs , use 390 kHz instead of 400kHz by writing 0x06200000 to the FREQUENCY register. With this setting, the SCL low period is greater than 1.3 μs .

4 Fixed anomalies

The anomalies listed in this table are no longer present in the current chip version.

For a detailed description of the fixed anomalies, see the [Errata for revision Rev 1 nRF52810](#).

| ID | Module | Description |
|-----|--------|--|
| 150 | SAADC | EVENT_STARTED does not fire |
| 192 | CLOCK | LFRC frequency offset after calibration |
| 201 | CLOCK | EVENTS_HFCLKSTARTED might be generated twice |

Table 2: Fixed anomalies